

Technical Datasheet



HM P Series

Pelton Wheel Flow Meters for monitoring heating and cooling circuits

Description

The HM P turbine flow meter series (P for Pelton Runner) is used to measure continuous and discontinuous flow rates. They are mainly used for lubrication and non-lubrication media. They are particularly suitable for low and medium viscosity liquids, such as water, light oils, emulsions and glycol mixtures.

Only high-grade steels that even withstand corrosive liquids are used in the production of turbine flow meters. Combined with the use of ceramic bearings, the HM P guarantees optimum measurement accuracy and an extremely long service life even under the toughest application conditions.

Due to the innovative design and optimized bearings, even highly contaminated and extremely hot media can be measured reliably. This predestines the HM P for use in heating and cooling circuits as well as monitoring and dosing applications.

For applications in hazardous areas, we offer intrinsically safe sensors and amplifiers with Ex protection in accordance with ATEX, IECEx, CSA and other standards. Additional certifications such as EAC (TR-CU) are available.

Principle and Design

The flow meter HM P are indirect volume counters according to the principle of the impeller meter. The energy present in a flow causes the rotatably mounted impeller to move and the number of the rotor revolutions is directly proportional to the volume flow. The speed of rotation is tapped by the contactless sensor technology (transducer) through the housing wall. The impulses generated by each turbine blade correspond to a certain accurate volumetric flow of the measured medium. The number of pulses for a certain period of time corresponds to the value of the medium flow rate expressed, for example, in litres per minute. The lightweight turbine wheel allows quick response times for flow changes (< 50 m/s). Compared to common turbine flow meters the flow meters with impeller are less sensitive to dirt.

The use of high quality design materials allows application of these flow meters up to the temperature of medium +350°C.[+662 °F]

Applications

- Monitoring of oil temperature
- · Cooling water monitoring
- · Process contro
- Water
- Heat-carrying agents (oils to heating systems)
- Fuels
- Water-/glycol mixtures
- Heat transfer fluid

Features

- Temperature range: up to 350 °C [+662 °F]
- Suited for polluted liquids
- Stainless steel
- Ceramic bearings resistant to wearing
- Compact design
- Economical version

Technical Data - Sizes

HM Type ¹⁾	Measuring Range (I/min)			K-Factor ²⁾ (pulses/I)	max. Pressure (bar/psi)	max. Frequency ²⁾ (Hz)	Weight (kg)	
HM P 09	3.0	to	30	980	20 [290]	520	0.9	
HM P 12	8.5	to	85	650	20 [290]	980	0.9	
HM P 17	15	to	150	309	20 [290]	770	0.9	
HM P 25	28	to	280	127	20 [290]	820	1.1	

Technical Data - General

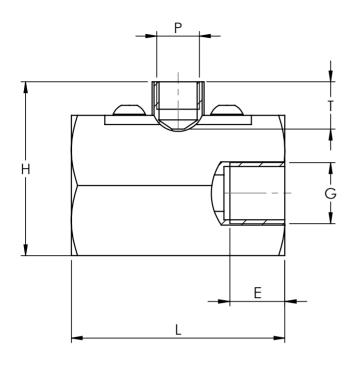
Repeatability	±0.5 % (under the same conditions)						
Linearity	±2.5 % of actual flow (viscosity = 1 mm²/s)						
Viscosity Range	0.8 up to 10 mm²/s						
Materials	Housing: as per DIN 1.4305 [AISI 303] Wheels: as per DIN 1.4122 Bearing: Brass, Ceramics Seals: FKM, Graphite						
Medium Temperature	-60 °C up to +350 °C [-76 °F up to +662 °F]						
Dimensions	See dimensional drawing (page 4)						

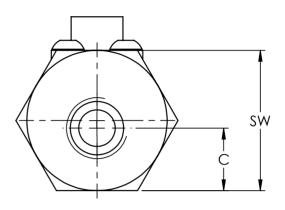
Ordering Code

			НМР	-	XX	-	XX	-	XX	-	X	-	XXXX
Measuring Range													
3.0 - 30.0 l/min 8.5 - 85.0 l/min 15 - 150 l/min 28 - 280 l/min					09 12 17 25								
Meter Attributes													
Housing	Bearing	Shaft	Bolts										
1.4305 (AISI 303)	Brass	Ceramic	ISO 4017				SM						
1.4305 (AISI 303)	Ceramic	Ceramic	ISO 7380				SC						
Process Connection	on ³⁾												
Line Size	Thread												
1/2"	BSPP								1/2"				
3/4" 1"	BSPP BSPP								3/4" 1"				
1	DOPP								- 1				
Sensor Ports													
M14x1.5											Ε		
M10x0.75											М		
Sealing Option Material	T _{max.}												
FKM (Viton®)	+180 °C [+35	6 °F]											V-180
Graphite	+350 °C [+66	2 °F]											G-350

Exact type designation on request.
 Average values
 Possible connection sizes according to dimensional drawing.

Dimensional Drawing

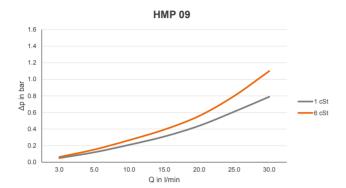


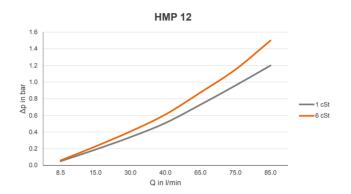


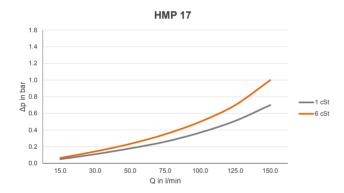
НМ Туре	С	E	G	Н	L	Р	T ⁴⁾	SW
HM P 09	20.5 mm [0.81 in]	20 mm [0.79 in]	G 1/2"	57 mm [2.24 in]	70 mm [2.75 in]	M14x1.5	16 mm [0.63 in]	46 mm [1.81 in]
HM P 12	20.5 mm [0.81 in]	20 mm [0.79 in]	G 1/2" G 3/4"	57 mm [2.24 in]	70 mm [2.75 in]	M14x1.5	16 mm [0.63 in]	46 mm [1.81 in]
HM P 17	20.5 mm [0.81 in]	20 mm [0.79 in]	G 1"	61 mm [2.40 in]	70 mm [2.75 in]	M14x1.5	16 mm [0.63 in]	50 mm [1.97 in]
HM P 25	23 mm [0.91 in]	20 mm [0.79 in]	G 1"	66 mm [2.60 in]	70 mm [2.75 in]	M14x1.5	16 mm [0.63 in]	55 mm [2.17 in]

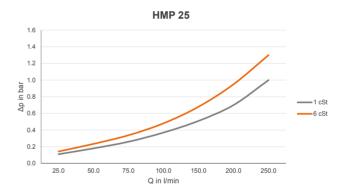
⁴⁾ Attention: the total installation height is the result of the height (H) and the height of the electronics (dimensions in separate datasheet).

Pressure Drop Curves











Calibration

In-house calibration is performed on volumetric calibration rigs or at the wishes of the customer in our DAkkS calibration laboratory.

The KEM calibration lab uses a high-precision load cell system. With an accuracy of 0.05 % for the mass and 0.1 % for the volume of flowing liquids, we occupy a leading position worldwide. The German Accreditation Body (DAkkS) has accredited the laboratory with engineers, processes and measuring equipment in accordance with the international standard DIN EN ISO/IEC 17025:2005.

The KEM calibration certificate not only verifies the accuracy of a flow meter, but also guarantees its traceability to national standards as well as ensuring all requirements according to international quality standards are met.

The calibrations are performed with different hydrocarbons. This ensures the optimum simulation of changing operating conditions in density and viscosity even when temperatures change. This way the primary viscosity for the use of the flow meter can be specifically taken into account when viscosity fluctuations occur in a customised application.

The calibration result is the specified calibration factor (K-factor) in pulses per litre. This K-factor accordingly applies only at a certain flow velocity or a certain flow rate.

The calibration factor varies only very slightly at different volume flow rates. The individual measuring points provide the calibration curve of the flow meter from which the average K-factor is determined. The average calibration factor applies to the entire measuring range.

The linearity error specification (percentage deviation) refers to the average K-factor. To further increase the measurement accuracy in onsite use, the specific K-factors can be used to calculate the flow rate. For this, KEM also supplies optional special electronics.

Calculation of volume flow

The flow is directly dependent on the measured frequency and the associated calibration factor:

$$Q = \frac{f * 60}{\kappa} I/min$$

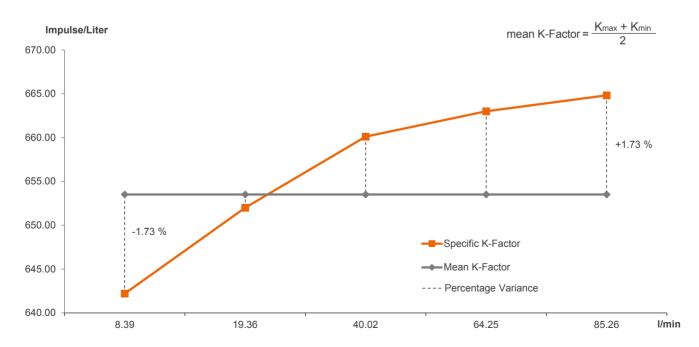
Q = Volume Flow

f = Measuring frequency

K = Specific K-Factor

Calibration protocol

Example: HM P 12



KEM Headquarters

Liebigstraße 5 85757 Karlsfeld Germany

T. +49 8131 59391-0 F. +49 8131 92604

info@kem-kueppers.com

KEM Sales

Liebigstraße 5 85757 Karlsfeld Germany

T. +49 8131 59391-100 F. +49 8131 92604

sales@kem-kueppers.com

KEM Manufacturing Center

Wettzeller Straße 22 93444 Bad Kötzting Germany

T. +49 9941 9423-0 F. +49 9941 9423-23

production@kem-kueppers.com

KEM Service & Repairs

Wettzeller Straße 22 93444 Bad Kötzting Germany

T. +49 9941 9423-37 F. +49 9941 9423-24

service@kem-kueppers.com

More distributors & partners can be found at: www.kem-kueppers.com